كيورهيلث
CureHealth
شركة علاج الصحة لخدمات الاعمال

emed
confidence in performance

Argon in electrosurgery

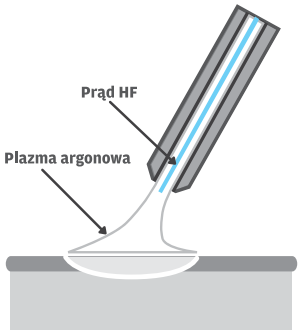
argon in electrosurgery

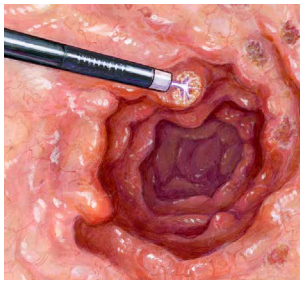
efficiency oriented performance

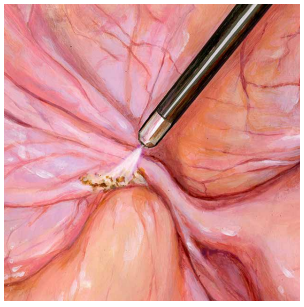
Argon plasma coagulation ensures fast and efficient coagulation of large, heavily bleeding surfaces. Provides effectual devitalisation of tissues, e.g. neoplastic tumours. Argon plasma coagulation means less blood loss and less tissue damage. With penetration depth limited to 3 mm, it is particularly recommended for areas of high perforation risk.

argon in electrosurgery

confidence through technology







Argon coagulation uses the phenomenon of good condution of high frequency current by ionised argon. Argon is a chemically inert gas, devoid of physiological effects and non combustible. Under the effect of current, it becomes ionised and forms a plasma cloud in which electric arcs are formed.

In argon coagulation, there is no contact of the active electrode with the tissue, and the distance between the surgical instrument and the tissue in open surgery is up to about 5 mm, and in endoscopic surgery up to about 3 mm. The thermal effect occurs at the time when a spark jumps from the active electrode tip to the tissue. The length of the plasma arc between the probe tip and the tissue depends on the selected power, resistance of the target tissue and argon flow rate. Usually the distance between the active electrode and the tissue is 3 to 5 mm, depending on the selected coagulation parameters.

When using argon coagulation, observe all precautions for standard monopolar coagulation. Read the instructions for using argon components. Class 4.8 (99.998%) or 5.0 (99.999%) argon is used for argon coagulation.

argon safety features

confidence through safety

The main advantage of argon coagulation is constant, minimum depth of the thermal effect. Owing to the limited depth of tissue damage during argon plasma coagulation, the risk of perforation is minimised; therefore, this method can be safely used in thin walled organs.

In the case of classical contact electrocoagulation, the thermal effect reaches deaper into the tissue; this is associated with a risk of gastrointestinal perforation. In argon coagulation, the plasma arc occurs in the tissues that have the lowest electrical resistance. The tissue through which the current has flowed achieves rapid haemostasis and as a result its electrical resistance increases. It means that at that site electric arcs will not form any more, so the coagulation depth will not increase and it will be maintained within the limits of 2 to 3 mm.

As argon plasma is a good conductor, the desired effect is obtained with significantly less power compared to standard high voltage coagulation and the amount of heat delivered to the patient's tissues is lower.

advantages of argon

setting performance goals

Efficiency enhancing features of argon plasma coagulation:

- immediate hemostasis helps efficiently coagulate large areas of bleeding surface
- penetration depth limited to approximately 3 mm minimizes risk of perforation
- tissue carbonization is minimal compared to standard electrocoagulation
- no tissue vaporization minimizes the risk of perforation
- no contact between the applicator and tissue means no tissue adhesion
- less surgical smoke gives good visibility of operating area
- reduced smoke eliminates unpleasant odors
- precise application of thermal energy results in reducing procedure time

ARGON COAG

The mode is used for non-contact coagulation of the surface of bleeding tissues. It eliminates smoke and smell. It ensures very shallow and gentle coagulation.
Instruments: rigid argon electrodes for coagulation.

ENDO ARGON

Argon-enhanced monopolar coagulation for endoscopic procedures. It ensures very shallow and gentle coagulation. It is necessary when there is a risk of perforation. The absence of smoke ensures the perfect visibility of the operative field.
Instruments: flexible argon probes.

PULSE ARGON

Argon-enhanced pulsed monopolar coagulation. It is used in gastroenterology to control bleeding. It enables the precise delivery of energy doses exactly to the bleeding site.
Instruments: flexible argon probes.

ARGON CUT

Argon-enhanced monopolar cutting. The use of argon reduces the amount of smoke and smell. The thermal damage to the tissues is reduced and bleeding control is improved. This function is particularly desirable during procedures that require intensive use of the unit.
Instruments: needle or lancet type argon electrodes.

applications

Argon coagulation has broad application in local treatment of cancer, both in the case of advanced tumour resection and in the treatment of benign or pre-cancerous lesions.

The method of coagulation in argon plasma is equally effective when treating small adenomas of the large intestine, and, first of all, in tumour resection at locations where the risk of perforation is high.

Due to its convenience and safety, argon coagulation is often used during procedures performed for non oncological indications – endoscopic bleeding control and destruction of vascular lesions in the gastrointestinal tract.

General Surgery	• open liver surgery, e.g. superficial bleeding after partial hepatectomy • abdominal surgery • breast surgery, e.g. breast reconstraction, breast reduction, removing breast tumours
Bronchoscopy	• superficial bleeding • benign endobronchial tumors as papillomatoses, granuloma, lipoma, hemangiomas • recanalization of malign stenoses of the respiratory tract • stent ingrowth/overgrowth • scar stenoses • post-interventional conditioning of resected area, e.g. after cryosurgery
Pulmonology	• hemoptysis • surface haemorrhages • benign endobronchial tumors (eg. papillomatosis, granulomas polyps in the trachea, lipomas, hemangiomas) • recanalization of malignant stenoses of the respiratory tract • stent ingrowth / overgrowth • scar stenoses
Gastroenterology	• haemorrhage from angiodysplastic lesions • haemorrage from polypectomy sites • devitalization of remaining tissue after polypectomy • erosions or ulcers or oozing of blood due to vascular penetration by tumors • residual sessile adenoma tissue • stenosing tumors • stent ingrowth • colitis • bleeding gastric or colon carcinoma • watermelon stomach
Otolaryngology	• tonsillectomy • therapy of subglottic and tracheal lesions (e.g. granulomas after laser surgery, papillomatosis, subglottic stenosis) • microsurgery of soft palate (e.g. sleep apnea, fibromas) • therapy of superficial muscoal lesions (e.g. leucoplakia, hemangiomas, granulomas, precancerosis) • applications in the nasal cavity (e.g. nasal hemorrhaging, hyperplasia of the nasal concha)
Gynecology	• treating the uterus during a myomectomy • laparoscopic surgery for endometriosis

instruments for endoscopic and open surgical procedures

setting the stage

Our offer includes a comprehensive range of electrosurgical products for argon plasma coagulation, completely equipped with accessories and surgical instruments – for both endoscopic procedures and open surgery. We also offer an argon tip for laparoscopic applications.

All instruments for argon coagulation offered by EMED are intended for multiple use. They can be sterilised in an autoclave at 134°C.

TROLLEYS FOR ARGON PLASMA GENERATORS

080-100
SpectrumLine trolley with argon cylinder case for electrosurgical units

080-060
TinyLine trolley with argon cylinder case for electrosurgical units

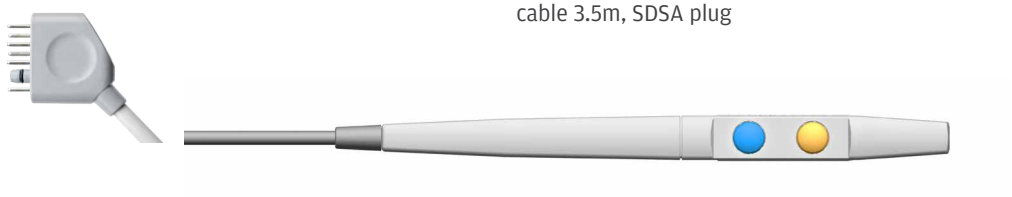
electrosurgical units

with argon module

	Ref. No.	
	100-620	Electrosurgical unit ATOM
	100-600	Electrosurgical unit ENDO
	100-013	Electrosurgical unit SPECTRUM
	100-008	Electrosurgical unit ES350 with argon module

electrosurgical instruments

SDS argon instruments for open surgery and laparoscopy



932-14A Argon electrode handle, large, 2 switches, cable 3.5m, SDSA plug

932-14S Argon electrode handle, large, 2 switches, cable 3.5m, SDS/LuerLock plug

932-031 Argon electrode, rigid, insulated shaft, 25mm w. length, dia. 5mm

932-032 Argon electrode, rigid, insulated shaft, 100mm w. length, dia. 5mm

932-034 Argon electrode, rigid, insulated shaft, 350mm w. length, dia. 5mm

932-054 Argon needle 14mm, rigid, insulated shaft, 40mm w. length, dia. 5mm

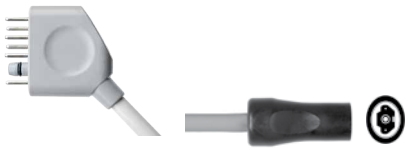
932-044 Argon needle 14mm, rigid, insulated shaft, 115mm w. length, dia. 5mm

932-057 Argon lancet 14mm, rigid, insulated shaft, 40mm w. length, dia. 5mm

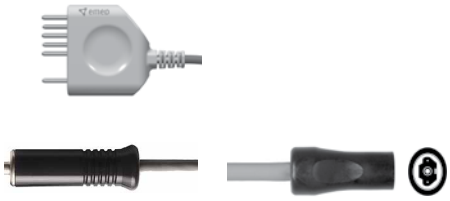
932-056 Argon lancet 14mm, rigid, insulated shaft, 115mm w. length, dia. 5mm

electrosurgical instruments

SDS argon endoscopic instruments



432-46A Monopolar cable for argon flexible electrode, flat connector, L: 3.5m, SDSA plug



432-46S Monopolar cable for argon flexible electrode, L: 3.5m, SDS/LuerLock plug, flat connector

932-148 Flexible argon probe, reusable, TBS, dia. 1.5mm, length 1.5m

932-149 Flexible argon probe, reusable, GIT, dia. 2.3mm, lenght 2.2m

932-150 Flexible argon probe, reusable, GIT, dia. 3.2mm, length 2.2m

932-151 Flexible argon probe, reusable, TBS, dia. 1.5mm, length 3m

flat type plug / złącze płaskie

932-152 Flexible argon probe, reusable, GIT, dia. 2.3mm, length 3m

electrosurgical instruments

argon endoscopic instruments

932-141 Argon electrode handle, large, 2 switches, cable 3.5m, 3-pin/LuerLock plug

432-146 Monopolar cable for argon flexible electrode, L: 3.5m, 3-pin/LuerLock plug, flat connector

argon accessories

100-051 Argon Cylinder 5L (empty housing - with no gas)

100-151 Argon Cylinder 10L (empty housing - with no gas)

5501640 Argon regulator P300-P40EMED, DIN 477/6 (Europe)

5501565 Argon regulator P300-P40EMED, DIN 477/6 with pressure sensor

other types available on request

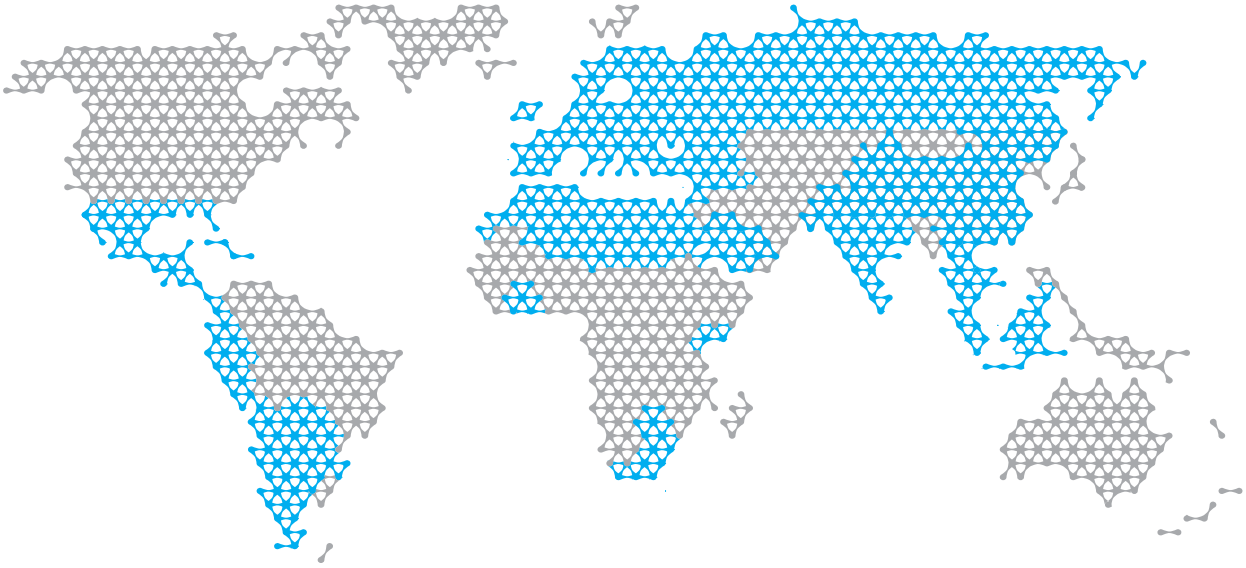
SE2M034I07 Argon bacteria filter, 0.33mm, 0.45um, sterile, 1pc.

2

100-053 Pneumatic argon cable, L: 3m

other lenght available on request

contact us



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EMED products are available all over the world. See **www.emed.pl** for contact details.

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